

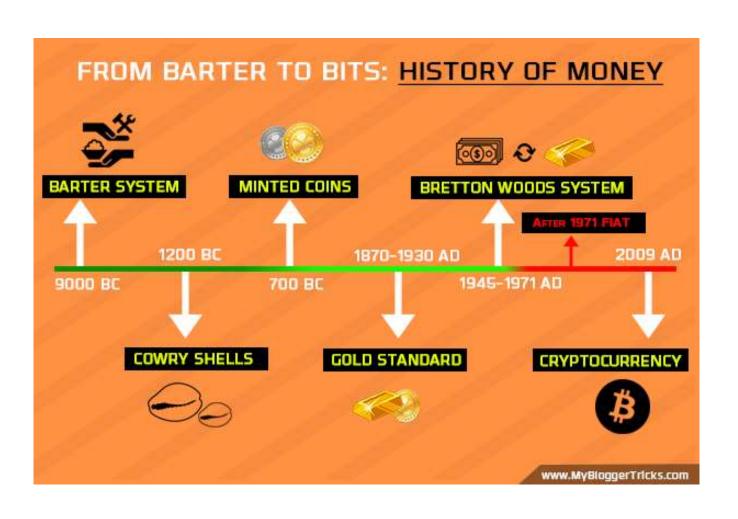
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What is Currency?

- Currency is a medium of exchange for goods and services. In short, it's money, in the form of paper or coins, usually issued by a government and generally accepted at its face value as a method of payment.
- Currency is the primary medium of exchange in the modern world, having long ago replaced bartering as a means of trading goods and services.
- In the 21st century, a new form of currency has entered the vocabulary, the virtual currency. Virtual currencies such as bitcoins have no physical existence or government backing and are traded and stored in electronic form.

History of Currency





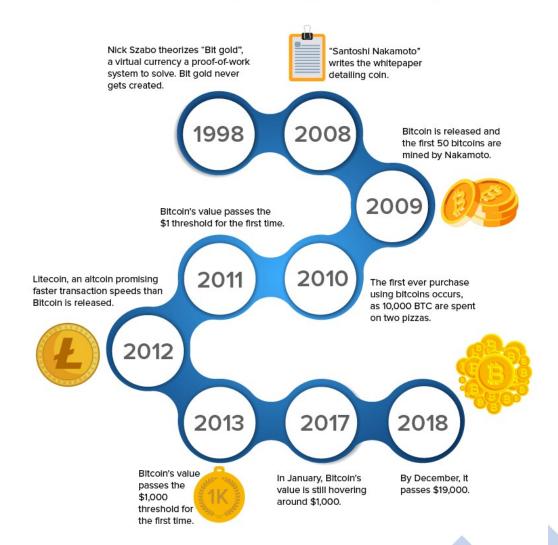
What is Crypto Currency?

A cryptocurrency is a digital or virtual currency that is secured by cryptography, which makes it nearly impossible to counterfeit or double-spend. Many cryptocurrencies are decentralized networks based on blockchain technology—a distributed ledger enforced by a disparate network of computers. A defining feature of cryptocurrencies is that they are generally not issued by any central authority, rendering them theoretically immune to government interference or manipulation.

Key Points:

- A cryptocurrency is a form of digital asset based on a network that is distributed across a large number of computers. This decentralized structure allows them to exist outside the control of governments and central authorities.
- Experts believe that blockchain and related technology will disrupt many industries, including finance and law.
- The advantages of cryptocurrencies include cheaper and faster money transfers and decentralized systems that do not collapse at a single point of failure.
- The disadvantages of cryptocurrencies include their price volatility, high energy consumption for mining activities, and use in criminal activities.

The History of Cryptocurrency



Latest News on Crypto

Samsung will launch new smartphone Galaxy S22 on Decentraland Metaverse where it has a store.

New iPhone feature will enable 'tap to pay' transactions for Bitcoin.

Microsoft is hiring a director for Crypto Business Development to execute its Web3 strategy.

India's excitement for Crypto increases despite of Crypto Tax. CoinDCX hits 10 Million users. WazirX had 10 million user accounts in Nov21.

Russia prepares to regulate Bitcoin as currency on February 18, 2022.

Latest News on Crypto

The power of open ledger – US authorities managed to recover most of the funds and arrested 2 people, 6 years after Bitfinex Exchange hack in which 120,000 BTC were stolen.

Russia eyes \$13 Billion in taxes from Crypto economy

It is still unlawful to open a bitcoin casino in the US. However, bitcoin casino incorporated outside of US and operating in US online, have skyrocketed their earnings.

Japan's messaging Giant 'LINE' to trial crypto payments for Online Merchants.

FIAT Currency





Cryptocurrency

Physical medium of exchange.

₹₹

Digital medium of exchange.

Produced by computers.

Represented by bills & coins.



Represented by 1 private and 1 public pieces of code.

Unlimited supply. Government can produce as needed.



Limited supply. Each cryptocurrency has a set maximum.

Issued by a government.



Centralized. Issued and controlled by law and banks.



Decentralized. Not controlled by any government or entity.

Value determined by the market and regulation.



Value determined by supply and demand.

Prohibition on dealing in Virtual Currencies (VCs)

RBI/2017-18/154 DBR.No.BP.BC.104 /08.13.102/2017-18

April 6, 2018

All Commercial and Co-operative Banks / Payments Banks / Small Finance Banks / NBFCs / Payment System Providers

Madam / Dear Sir,

Prohibition on dealing in Virtual Currencies (VCs)

Reserve Bank has repeatedly through its public notices on December 24, 2013, February 01, 2017 and December 05, 2017, cautioned users, holders and traders of virtual currencies, including Bitcoins, regarding various risks associated in dealing with such virtual currencies.

- 2. In view of the associated risks, it has been decided that, with immediate effect, entities regulated by the Reserve Bank shall not deal in VCs or provide services for facilitating any person or entity in dealing with or settling VCs. Such services include maintaining accounts, registering, trading, settling, clearing, giving loans against virtual tokens, accepting them as collateral, opening accounts of exchanges dealing with them and transfer / receipt of money in accounts relating to purchase/ sale of VCs.
- 3. Regulated entities which already provide such services shall exit the relationship within three months from the date of this circular.
- 4. These instructions are issued in exercise of powers conferred by section 35A read with section 36(1)(a) of Banking Regulation Act, 1949, section 35A read with section 36(1)(a) and section 56 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, section 45JA and 45L of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and Section 10(2) read with Section 18 of Payment and Settlement Systems Act, 2007.

Yours faithfully,

(Saurav Sinha) Chief General Manager-In-Charge

Crypto Indian Bill

Apprehension of a possible blanket ban

 A panel discussion of the leadership of top crypto companies with members of Parliament in November led to the conclusion that crypto currencies cannot be stopped and instead must be regulated

Possibility of Regulatory Framework

- A cabinet note circulated by the government in December said that crypto currencies will be regulated and not banned
- However Crypto Currency will not be made legal currency in India

On Banning Private Crypto currencies

 In a Government bulletin published on November 23, the government unequivocally said about banning all crypto currencies leaving few to enable the growth of crypto technology and its uses

Supreme Court Judgement Lifting the Crypto Ban?

- The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) on May 31 asked banks not to cite its 2018 order as a reason to deny banking services to customers who dealt in cryptocurrencies
- The SC noted that in the absence of any legislative ban on the buying or selling of cryptocurrencies, the RBI cannot impose disproportionate restrictions on trading in these currencies
- The SC, while overturning the RBI order, simply stated that there is no legal basis at the moment to impose heavy restrictions on cryptocurrencies. The court may not hold this view in the future once a law is passed in Parliament banning the use of cryptocurrencies.
- The Indian government has been giving conflicting signals on this
 matter. Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman in March said that there
 won't be a total ban on the use of cryptocurrencies in the country.
 But the Centre soon plans to introduce the Cryptocurrency and
 Regulation of Official Digital Currency Bill, 2021, which is said to
 contain provisions completely banning the use of all cryptocurrencies.
 The future of cryptocurrencies in India, thus, still hangs in the
 balance.

Types of currencies - stable Coins, Tokens, NFTs, Metaverse, Meme, etc

Stable Coins

• A stablecoin is a type of cryptocurrency whose value is tied to an outside asset, such as the U.S. dollar or gold, to stabilize the price.

Tokens

• Technically, "token" is just another word for "cryptocurrency" or "cryptoasset." But increasingly it has taken on a couple of more specific meanings depending on context. The first is to describe all cryptocurrencies besides Bitcoin and Ethereum (even though they are technically also tokens). The second is to describe certain digital assets that run on top of another cryptocurrencies' blockchain, as many decentralized finance (or DeFi) tokens do. Tokens have a huge range of potential functions, from helping make decentralized exchanges possible to selling rare items in video games. But they can all be traded or held like any other cryptocurrency.

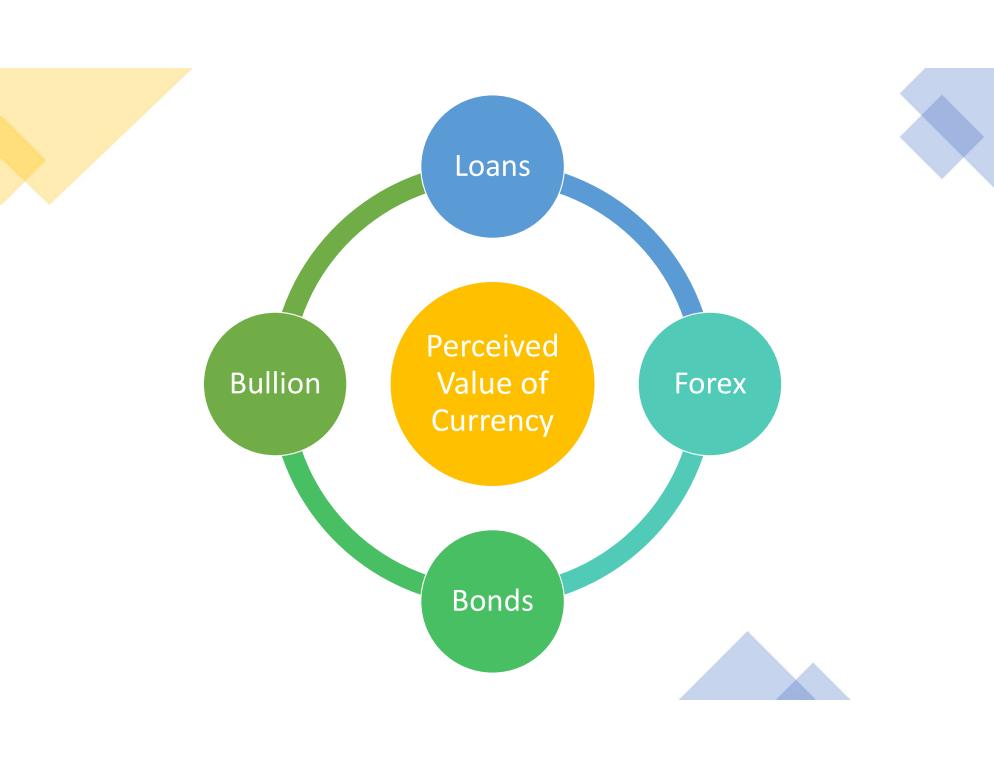
Non-Fungible tokens

• Non-fungible tokens or NFTs are cryptographic assets on a blockchain with unique identification codes and metadata that distinguish them from each other. Unlike cryptocurrencies, they cannot be traded or exchanged at equivalency. This differs from fungible tokens like cryptocurrencies, which are identical to each other and, therefore, can be used as a medium for commercial transactions.

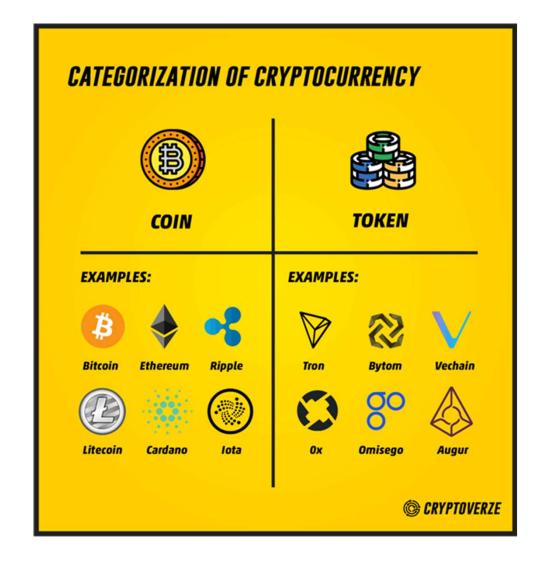


Disclaimer!!

 CoinMarketCap does not recommend that any cryptocurrency should be bought, sold, or held by you. Do conduct your own due diligence and consult your financial advisor before making any investment decisions.



Categorization of Crypto
Currency

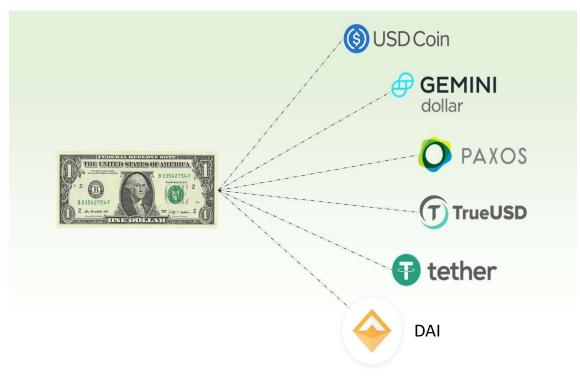


Stable Coins

Stable coins are cryptocurrencies backed by real-world assets such as commodities, fiat currency (issued by the government), gold, or other cryptocurrencies



Examples of Stable Coins



Tokens









(ADA)





Tether (USDT)

(USDC)









(EOS)

(THETA)



(MKR)









Dash

(DASH)





SushiSwap

(SUSHI)





Stellar

(XLM)









XRP

(XRP)

(WBTC)





Litecoin (LTC)





Monero

(XMR)



(MATIC)

(CAKE)



Uniswap

(UNI)

Terra Coin

(LUNA)



(ZEC)



(QNT)

(TRX)



(HT)

















Dai Coin

(DAI)

(FIL)

(DOT)





(XEM)

















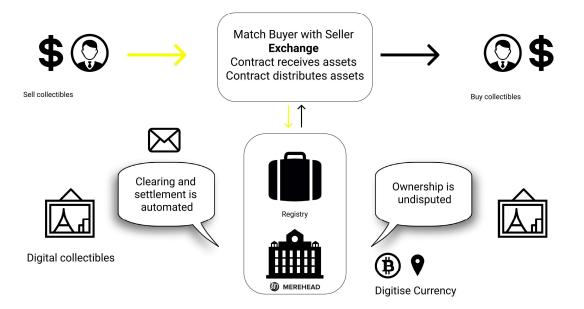
Algorand (ALGO)

Cosmos (ATOM)

What is Non-Fungible Token

Non-fungible" more or less means that it's unique and can't be replaced with something else. For example, a bitcoin is fungible — trade one for another bitcoin, and you'll have exactly the same thing. A one-of-a-kind trading card, however, is non-fungible. If you traded it for a different card, you'd have something completely different.

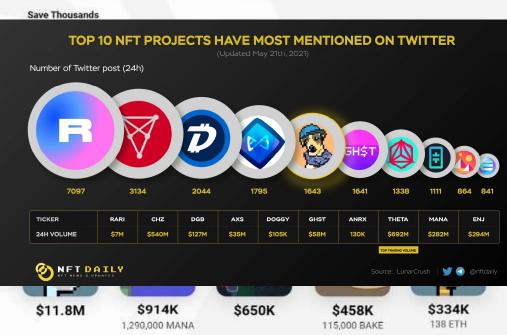
How smart contracts works

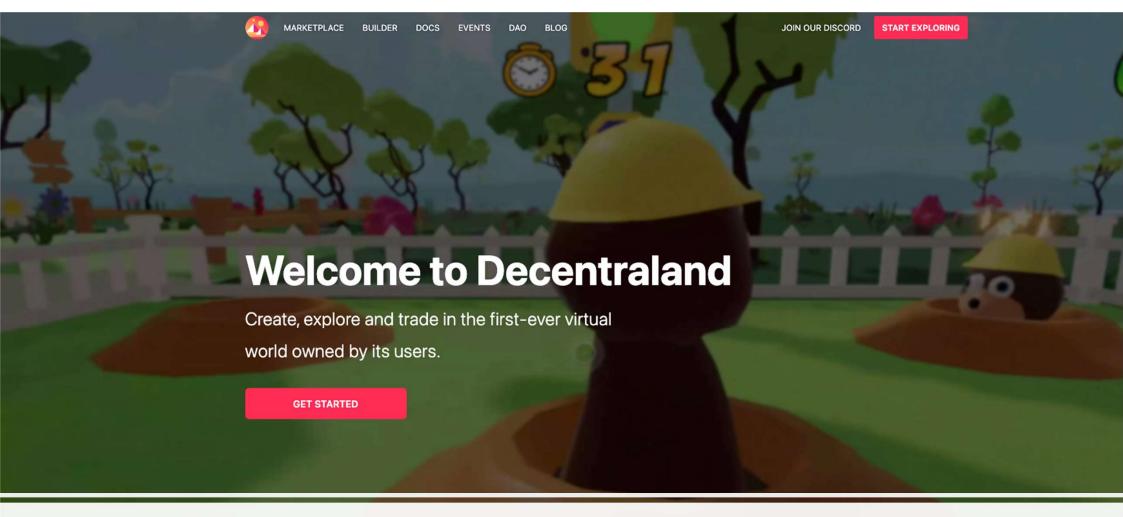


TOP NFT SALES

Q2 2021







Metaverse Coins

Ecosystem - Blockchain, Mining, Wallets, Exchanges.



Blocks are generated through mining and these blocks connect to each other and form a blockchain which helps the flow and approval of transactions Crytpo Wallet is basically a digital wallet like paytm, where the crypto tokens or coins can be stored



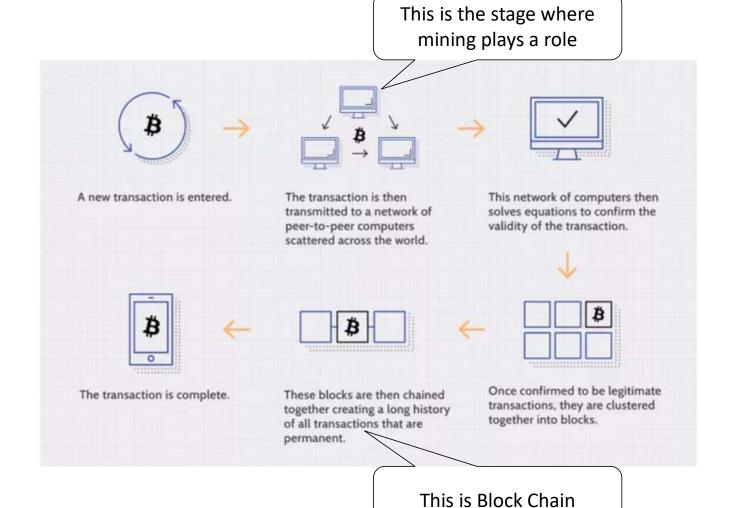


Mining basically means using computer's free resource to generate hash, multiple hashes come together to build a block and multiple blocks then form a block chain as shown above

Like NSE / BSE are the Exchanges for Shares in India, these are some crypto Exchanges which helps in conversion / transfer of crypto like CoinDCX, WazirX, Coinswitch Kuber, Unocoin, Zebpay, etc



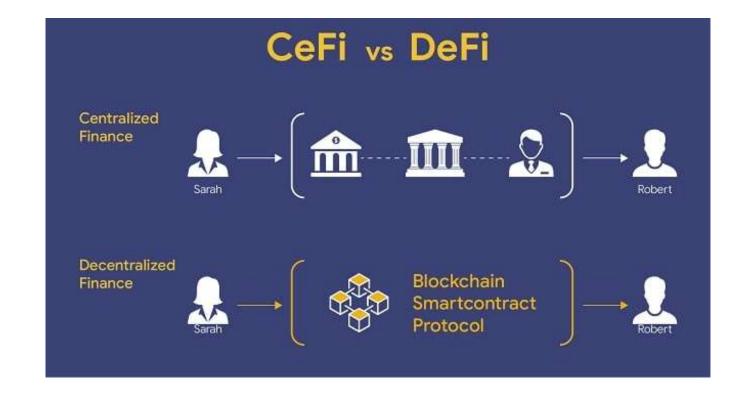
What is a Blockchain



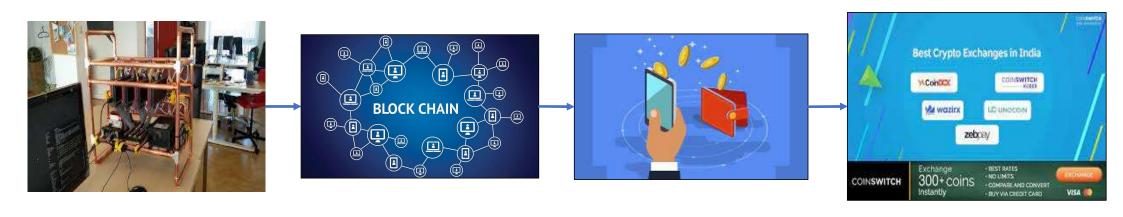
Centralized v/s
Decentralized
Finance

<u>Ce</u>ntralized <u>Fi</u>nance

<u>De</u>-Centralized <u>**Fi**</u>nance

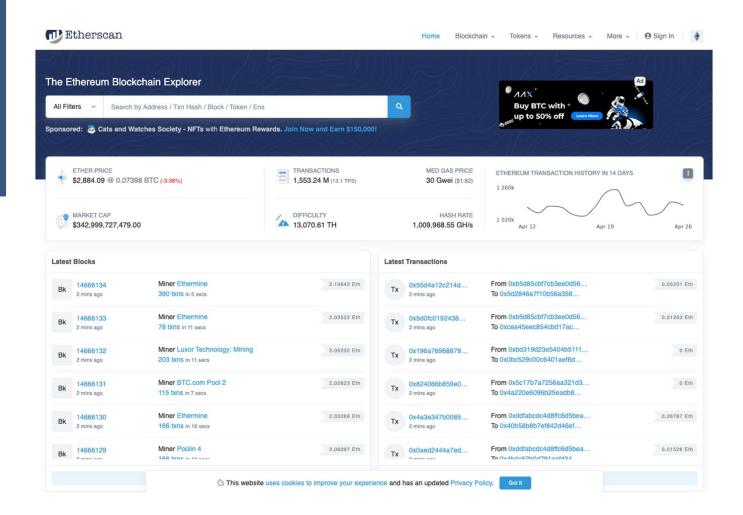


Process flow and roles in Eco-sytem



Mining generates Hash Block and build Blockchain, Blockchain stores coins / tokens into Wallet and then Exchanges help to convert coins / tokens into Liquid Money.

Etherscan... an example of transparency in the Block chain...



Base currency v/s Quote Currency



Forex markets are always quoted in pairs.



The price for a pair is how much of the quote currency it costs to buy one unit of the base currency.



When you trade forex, you are always buying one currency while selling another.



⇒ IG.COM

GBP / USD

Base currency,

or the currency you are buying when you trade the forex pair

Quote currency,

or the currency you are selling when you trade the forex pair Stake holders
- corporates,
investors,
traders.

Corporates – Corporates have now started offering their Merchandise against crypto instead of Physical Money / Bank Transfers. Corporates are accepting investments in crypto.

Investors – Investors are now Investing in Corporates / Business in form of Crypto

Traders – Exchanges have started earning a commission on each Purchase / sale / conversion of any crypto

Tax Impact in India

Sec 155BBH Tax @30% on Transfer

Transfer without consideration between relatives shall not be taxable

ONLY Cost of Acquisition will be deducted while calculating Taxable income

Crypto
Currencies get
Identity in
Income Tax
Act u/s 2(47A)

Loss can be adjusted only against crypto gains in the same year

Receipt without consideration or consideration less that FMV over & above 50K will be taxed IFOS u/s 56(vii)

> 1% TDS to be deducted (For individuals if above 50,000)

Loss cannot be set of against any other income or cannot be carried forward

Risks of Crypto

Terror Funding

Hacking

Money Laundering

Speculation attitude will rise

Hidden Costs in Transaction under 'Transaction Fees' Lack of
Transparency /
Availability of Data

Understanding Currency



Store of Wealth Gold, Silver, Artwork, Real Estate



Store of Value
Currency, Equities,
Bonds



Medium of Exchange

Currency

Transaction Point of View



Miners



Initial Coin Offerings by the Startups

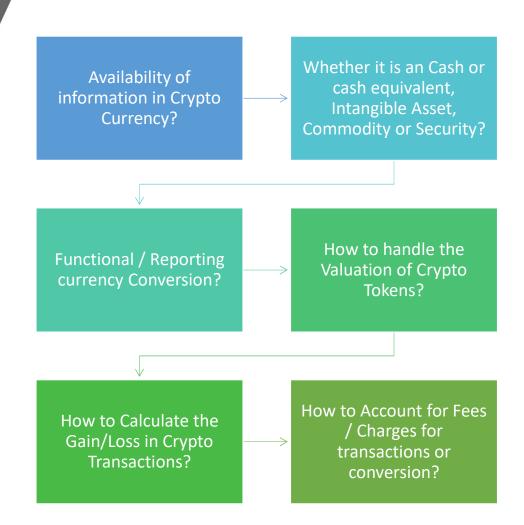


Investors / Traders



Artists / Coders / Businesses who receive Crypto assets as compensation

Issues in Accounting Crypto



Availability of information in Crypto Currency?

Multiple wallets and exchanges used for doing transactions

Wallet balances on the date of reporting

Data about the transaction fees charged or the gas fees

Data about the actual currency in which the transactions are carried out

Data about the conversion rates in reporting currency on a particular date

Agenda papers 10 of 29 results Show all

Results for your search term from within agenda papers from all meetings. The results can also include tags attached to agenda papers such as the project or group associated with the paper.

Title	Туре	Date
AP24: Cover paper	Agenda paper	25 April 2022
AP24A: Projects to add to the work plan	Agenda paper	25 April 2022
AP24E: Potential projects—Feedback summary for proposed short-listed projects	Agenda paper	22 March 2022
AP24B: Potential projects—Proposed short-listed projects	Agenda paper	22 March 2022
AP2J: EFRAG's comment letter on the IASB's Agenda Consultation	Agenda paper	9 December 2021
AP2D: Third Agenda Consultation: Feedback summary—Potential projects (part 1)	Agenda paper	9 December 2021
AP1A: EFRAG Discussion Paper: Better information on intangibles—Which is the best way to go?	Agenda paper	9 December 2021
AP24D: Feedback summary—Potential projects (part 1)	Agenda paper	15 November 2021
AP24A: Invitation to Comment Agenda Consultation	Agenda paper	23 July 2021
AP7: IASB project update and agenda planning	Agenda paper	19 March 2021

Reporting Standards for guidance

IAS 2 – Inventories

IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

IAS 8 – Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting Estimates and Errors

IAS 32 - Financial Instruments Presentation

IAS 21 - Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange rates

IAS 38 – Intangible Assets

Barter Transaction Model

 Crypto Assets are exchanged for the Crypto Assets – where is the gain or loss?

QUESTIONS ???



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